

# The Gazette of India

## EXTRAORDINARY PART II—Section 2 PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed  
as a separate compilation

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### RAJYA SABHA

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The following Bills were introduced in the Rajya Sabha on the  
21st February, 1964:—

BILL No. I OF 1964

*A bill further to amend the Salaries and Allowances of Members of  
Parliament Act, 1954.*

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic  
of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Salaries and Allowances of Members Short title.  
of Parliament (Amendment) Act, 1964.

30 of 1954. 2. In section 3 of the Salaries and Allowances of Members of Par- Amendment  
liament Act, 1954 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for of section 3.  
the words "twenty-one rupees" the words "forty-one rupees" shall be  
substituted.

3. In section 6 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the Amendment  
words "shall entitle him to travel" the words "shall entitle him or her of section 6.  
to travel accompanied by his wife or her husband, as the case may be"  
shall be substituted.

## STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The present emoluments of Members of Parliament are not adequate to meet their daily requirements. Keeping in view the rising cost of living, it would be proper if the emoluments of Members are also raised.

*It seems also appropriate to extend the facility of free transit by railway to the spouses of members when members undertake journeys in connection with their parliamentary duties.*

Hence this Bill.

A. M. TARIQ.

## FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Provisions of the Bill, if enacted and brought into operation, will involve expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India. Though it is not possible to estimate the actual expenditure at this stage, roughly, an extra expenditure of one lakh eighty thousand rupees per annum would appear to be necessary.

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## II

## BILL No. XXXV OF 1963

*A Bill to provide for immunity to Members of Parliament and State Legislatures from detention without trial.*

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title.      1. This Act may be called the Members of Parliament and State Legislatures (Immunity from Detention) Act, 1964.

Immunity of  
Members of  
Parliament  
and State  
Legislatures  
from deten-  
tion with-  
out trial.      2. Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, no Member of Parliament or of a House of the Legislature of a State shall be detained in custody without trial.

## STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

In our country, members of Parliament and of the State Legislatures do not enjoy immunity from arrest and imprisonment, not even from detention without trial. In order to uphold the dignity of Parliament and the Legislatures of the States as also in the public interest, it is necessary to provide for such members immunity from detention in custody without trial.

Hence this Bill.

BHUPESH GUPTA.

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B. N. BANERJEE,  
*Secretary.*

